

The Daily Gazetteer.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 11. 1739.

91° 1263.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland, with such Advices of the March of the Russian Forces thro' Poland, that it can no longer be doubted of. There are two remarkable Letters upon this Head, of which the following is an Extract.

Kaminiec, June 22. N. S.



HE Russian Army, commanded by the Velt Marshal Count de Munich, quitted the Neighbourhood of Kiow on the 16th, and two Days after arriv'd at Berduczow on the Frontiers of Poland, from whence it was to march in five Divisions through the Territories of this Kingdom, and then to meet again near Pikow on the Little River of Kiliz.

It is said that it was to march afterwards towards Choczim. The said Army consists of 75,000 Men, but not all regular Forces, and carry with it a very considerable Train of Artillery. The Army which the Turks and Tartars had assembled along the Niester consists of 100,000 Men. We are assur'd that it has already pass'd that River at Tassarow, above Bender; that it afterwards pass'd the Bog near Ladaczyn, and that 'tis advancing with a Design to attack the Russian Army. That of the Turks and Tartars is commanded by the new Bashaw of Bender, and by the Seraskier Sultan of Bialogrod, who commanded during the last Campaign; so that we may expect every Day to hear of some Action.

Laticzew, June 21. N. S. 'The Russian Army is in full March thro' Poland: Consequently we soon expect to hear that the Turks and Tartars will also enter that Country, according as they have declar'd more than once. For this Reason the Great General of the Crown has thought necessary to send circular Letters to Podolia, with Orders to furnish all the Places in the Palatinate, and to get Timber and other Necessaries for building or repairing the Fortifications. These Orders are issued chiefly for the Sake of Kaminiec, the Russians being as likely as the Turks to endeavour to get Possession of that Fortress, in order to secure a Passage into the Country. Therefore the Crown Army, which is incamp'd at Chmielnick on the Bog, will go and sit down under the Cannon of Kaminiec, as soon as the Turkish Army advances towards that Place, or the Russians pretend to attack Choczim. An Officer is arriv'd here who has receiv'd Orders to form a great Magazine there for the Russian Forces, and is therefore buying up all the Provisions that he can meet with here in these Parts. As the open Country of Podolia will be a very great Sufferer by the Marches of Troops, most of the Peasants are retir'd to Volhinia, and other neighbouring Palatinates.'

Berlin, June 28. O. S. The Prince Royal having set out 2 Days ago with his Retinue for Prussia, the King himself, together with his second Son the Prince Augustus William, and several General Officers, set out Yesterday betwixt 4 and 5 in the Morning for Prussia, in order to stay there about 6 Weeks.

Venice, July 4. N. S. The last Letters from Constantinople confirm, that the Rebel Sare Bey-Oglou is reduc'd; and they add, that some of his Adherents, who were taken Prisoners, and carried to Constantinople, had inform'd the Ottoman Ministry of the secret Intelligence which that Rebel carry'd on with a certain Foreign Power, who had promised to make a Diversion in his Favour.

Naples, June 23. N. S. The Inconveniencies which result sometimes from the Marriages of the Officers, have determin'd the King to forbid all who serve in his Troops to marry for the future, without asking Leave of the Council of War, on Pain of being cashier'd, or lying 6 Months in Prison.

Rome, June 27. M. Spada, the Vicegerent of this City has made a Present to the Prince Royal of Poland of a Thorn, said to be one of that very Crown of Thorns that was put upon the Head of Jesus Christ. An Account is order'd to be drawn up, of the Life and Actions of the late Princess Clementina

Sobieski, Wife to the Chevalier de St. George, preparatory to the Ceremony of her Canonization.

Copenhagen, July 7. N. S. The French Squadron, after being oblig'd by contrary Winds to stop at Drago, put to Sea again on the 3d Instant, with a fair Wind for Stockholm, where the Marquis d'Antin expected to arrive by To-morrow or next Day.

Dantzic, June 30. N. S. The Plague having broke out some Weeks ago in the Palatinate of Cracow, the Magistrates no sooner received Advice of it but they set Fire to the infected Houses, and burnt them to Ashes, with all the Effects and dead Bodies; since which we hear that Distemper is intirely abated.

From the Imperial Camp near Semlin, June 26. N. S. The Garrison of Belgrade was all Night under Arms two Nights ago, upon the Appearance of a great Party of the Enemy, which was seen by Moon-light some Distance from the Town, which it was apprehended was coming to set Fire to the Suburb of the Rascians, and therefore the Regiments of Light-Horse and Dragoons were order'd to be ready to cut off the Enemy's Retreat; but the Infidels disappear'd before Day-break. Just now the last Orders are come to make every thing ready for the March of the Army, which is to pass the Save To-morrow over 2 Bridges, in order to go and encamp under Belgrade; and the Quarter-Masters, guarded by 300 Horse, to cover them against the Enemy's Parties, are gone before to mark out the Camp.

FOREIGN PORTS.

Elfenour, July 7. N. S. Since my last arrived the several Ships commanded by the following Masters: viz. On the 5th, Thomas Wood, from the Isle of May for Riga; Francis Saul, Samuel Marjoram, and Christopher Spanton, from St. Ubes for Copenhagen; Alexander Pasor, from Aberdeen, and James Farlow, from Newcastle for Koningsburgh; James Mills, from Montross for Riga; Elias Hampton, from St. Ubes for Revell; Henry Thompson, from Yarmouth for Copenhagen; Adam Patterson, from Glasgow for Dantzick; On the 6th, William Walmsley, from Riga for London; John Ross, from Aloa for Petersburg; John Robinson, from St. Ubes for Copenhagen; William Clark, from Stockholm for Lynn; William Bolton, from Liverpool for Stockholm; John Bond, from Stockholm for Liverpool; Henry Vought, from Bristol for Copenhagen; Henry Mitchell, from Rotterdam for the Baltick; Thomas Barrow, from Lancaster for Memell; Francis Pemberton, from Newcastle, John Manning, from St. Ubes, Stephen Spracklin, and John Landfield, from Blyth, all for Copenhagen; David Moore, from Euster for Dantzick; Robert Clarke, from St. Ubes for the Baltick; On the 7th, George Fortune, from Dantzick for Pettenweem; David Bowman, from Lubeck for Dyfart; Henry West, from Dantzick for Bristol; Archibald Reed, from Dantzick for Liverpool; Charles Brown, from Dantzick for Belfast.

'Those bound for the Baltick sailed Yesterday; and this Day the Outward-bound sailed, with the Wind at S. W.'

Elfenour, July 11. N. S. Since my last arrived the several Ships commanded by the following Masters: viz. On the 8th, Henry Garrer, from Dantzick for Newcastle; William Wilkinson, from Dantzick for Wirbech; Richard Johnson, from Koningsburgh for London; John Mead, from Dantzick for Dublin; John Barrow, from Riga for Lancaster; On the 9th, Hugh Macquid, from Dantzick for Dublin; John Wate, from Riga for Whitehaven; On the 10th, Benjamin Urmston, from Koningsburgh for Chester; John Metcalf, from Riga for London.

'The Outward-bound are all sailed, with the Wind at S. W. which continues.

HOME PORTS.

Deal, July 9. Wind has been N. E. now S. W. The St. Quintin, Pettit, is sail'd for the Baltick. Remain the three Men of War as in my last, with the Sea Nymph, Murray, for Maryland; the Winter Galley, Truman, for Gibraltar; the Marcella, Summers, for Dartmouth; the Happy Couple, Cox, for Bristol; the Dantzick Merchant, West, from Dantzick for Bristol; and the True Briton, Long, for France. Arrived the Thomas and Jane, Nutt, from

Malaga for Holland; the Providence, Burrows, from Exeter; and the America, Ore, from Leghorn.

Gravesend, July 9. Pass'd by the St. George, Coveney, from Montserrat; and the John and Henry, Collins, from Newport.

The Mary and Mary Ann, Campbell, from London, and the Western Islands, is arriv'd at Cape Fear in North Carolina.

L O N D O N.

From the London Gazette.

Whitehall, the Tenth Day of July, 1739. Whereas many and repeated Depredations have been committed, and many unjust Seizures have been made in the West-Indies and elsewhere, by Spanish Guarda Costas and Ships acting under the Commissions of the King of Spain or his Governors, contrary to the Law of Nations, and in Violation of the Treaties subsisting between the Crown of Great Britain and Spain, whereby his Majesty's trading Subjects have not only sustained great Losses, but have also suffered in their Persons by the Cruelties and Barbarities which have been exercised by the said Spanish Guarda Costas: And whereas his Majesty has caused repeated Instances and Representations to be made from Time to Time at the Court of Spain, in order to obtain Redress and Satisfaction for such injurious Treatment and unjust Practices, and to prevent the like Violences for the future: And whereas a Convention for making Reparation to his Majesty's Subjects for their Losses by the said Depredations and Seizures, was concluded between his Majesty and the King of Spain on the Fourteenth Day of January last N. S. by which Convention it was stipulated, that a certain Sum of Money should be paid at London within a Term in the said Convention specified, as a Ballance admitted to be due on the Part of Spain to the Crown and Subjects of Great Britain, which Term did expire on the Twenty-fifth Day of May last; and the Payment of the said stipulated Sum, as agreed by the above-mentioned Convention, has not been made, by which means the said Convention has been violated and broke on the Part of the Crown of Spain, and his Majesty's Subjects remain without any Reparation or Satisfaction for their many, great, and grievous Losses; His Majesty hath therefore taken this injurious Proceeding of the Crown of Spain into his serious Consideration, and his Majesty having determined to take such Measures as are necessary for vindicating the Honour of his Crown, and for procuring Reparation and Satisfaction to his injured Subjects, is pleased, by and with the Advice of his Privy-Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, That general Reprizals be granted against the Ships, Goods, and Subjects of the King of Spain, so that as well his Majesty's Fleet and Ships, as also all other Ships and Vessels that shall be commissioned by Letters of Marque or general Reprizals, or otherwise by his Majesty's Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, shall and may lawfully seize all Ships, Vessels and Goods belonging to the King of Spain or his Subjects, or others inhabiting within any the Territories of the King of Spain, and bring the same to Judgment in any of the Courts of Admiralty within his Majesty's Dominions; and to that end his Majesty's Advocate General, with the Advocate of the Admiralty, are forthwith to prepare the Draught of a Commission, and present the same to his Majesty at this Board, authorizing the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral to issue forth and grant Letters of Marque and Reprizal to any of his Majesty's Subjects, or others whom the said Commissioners shall deem fitly qualified in that behalf, for the apprehending seizing and taking the Ships, Vessels and Goods belonging to Spain, and the Vassals and Subjects of the King of Spain, or any Inhabiting within his Countries, Territories or Dominions; and that such Powers and Clauses be inserted in the said Commission as have been usual and are according to former Precedents: And his Majesty's said Advocate General, with the Advocate of the Admiralty, are also forthwith to prepare the Draught of a Commission, and present the same to his Majesty at this Board, authorizing the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, to Will and Require

Require the High Court of Admiralty of Great Britain, and the Lieutenant and Judge of the said Court, as also the several Courts of Admiralty within his Majesty's Dominions, to take Cognizance of, and judicially proceed upon all and all Manner of Captures, Seizures, Prizes, and Reprizals of all Ships and Goods that are or shall be taken, and to hear and determine the same, and according to the Course of Admiralty, and the Laws of Nations, to adjudge and condemn all such Ships, Vessels and Goods as shall belong to Spain, or the Vassals and Subjects of the King of Spain, or to any others inhabiting within any of his Countries, Territories, and Dominions; and that such Powers and Clauses be inserted in the said Commission as have been usual, and are according to former Precedents: And they are likewise to prepare and lay before his Majesty at this Board, a Draught of such Instructions as may be proper to be sent to the Courts of Admiralty in his Majesty's Foreign Governments and Plantations for their Guidance herein; as also another Draught of Instructions for such Ships as shall be commissioned for the Purposes aforesaid. From the Council Chamber at Whitehall, the Tenth Day of July, 1739.

To. Cant.
Lan. Ebor.
Wilmington, P.
Godolphin, C. P. S.
Dorset.
Holles Newcastle.
Cholmondeley.
Torrington.
Ar. Onslow.

Yesterday Morning about 8 o'Clock his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, the Earl of Essex, and several other Persons of Distinction, hunted a large Otter in the Canal in St. James's Park, which had been there for some Days past, and done great Mischief among the Fish, Ducks, &c. The Duke and the Earl of Essex, and several others, had Spears, and the Duke was the first that spear'd him. The Diversion lasted upwards of Two Hours before he was kill'd: Some of the Dogs were sorely bit by him. 'Tis said he measured near 5 Feet in Length, and there were several thousand Persons to see the Sport.

Yesterday Capt. Edward Vernon kiss'd his Majesty's Hand, on his being appointed Vice-Admiral of the Blue, in the Room of Sir Tancred Robinson. And To-morrow he sets out Post for Plymouth.

The Right Hon. the Earl of Berkeley kiss'd the King's Hand, on his being appointed Colonel of a Company in the Coldstream Regiment of Foot-Guards, late Col Pulteney's, who is promoted to a Regiment.

The same Day there was a Board of Admiralty, when their Lordships appointed Capt. Watson to be Captain of the Strafford Man of War.

To-morrow will be issued out from the Pay Office, Whitehall, Six Months Off-Reckonings of his Majesty's Forces, from the 25th of June 1738. to the 24th of December following inclusive.

And on Tuesday following Six Months Clearings to the same Time.

The several Offices belonging to the Treasury in Privy Garden are all removed to the new Treasury, Whitehall; and the Lord Harrington's Office will speedily be remov'd to the late Treasury Office in Privy Garden.

And the Plantation Office will likewise be speedily remov'd to an Apartment in the new Treasury.

This Day the Races begin at Hounslow, when a Purse of 30 Guineas is to be run for.

BANKRUPT.

John Gimbart and Richard Gimbart, of Southwark, in the County of Surry, Brewers and Partners.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London Bridge.	03 25	03 43

Bank Stock 138 1-4th, to 1-half, to 1-4th. India 158. South Sea 94 3-4ths to 1-half. Old Annuity 109 1-8th to 108 3-4ths. New ditto 108 3-4ths to 109 1-8th. Three per Cent. 100. Seven per Cent. Loan 110. Five per Cent. ditto 90 3-4ths. Royal Assurance nothing done. London Assurance 10 7-8ths. African 13 1-half. India Bonds 31. 2s Prem. South Sea ditto 18s. Prem. Bank Circulation 31. Premium Salt Tallies 1-half to 1-half Premium. English Copper 31. 5s. Welsh ditto 15s. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 5 per Cent. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 5 per Cent. Discount. Million Bank 117. Lottery Tickets 51. 4s. 6d.

Admiralty-Office, July 9. 1739.

THERE being a sufficient Number of Landmen now in his Majesty's Fleet fitting out, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty desire, that the Lords Lieutenants, the Vice Admirals of the Maritime Counties, and the Justices of the Peace in and about the Cities of London and Westminster, and in the Country, will not send in any other than Seamen fit for His Majesty's Service.

By Command of their Lordships.
J. BURCHETT.

Custom-House, London,
July 6. 1739.

THE Commissioners of his Majesty's Customs do hereby give Notice, That on Wednesday the 18th of this Instant will be expos'd publicly to Sale, at the Customhouse at Dartmouth in Devonshire, to the highest Bidder, the following Goods, viz.

Brandy 1164 Gallons;
Rum 1284 Gallons;
Geneva 30 Gallons;
Tobacco 2135 Pounds;

To be put up in several Lots, and taken away clear of all Duties, having been condemned in the Court of Exchequer.

The said Goods may be viewed and tasted, till the Time of Sale, at the Custom-house at Dartmouth aforesaid.

Admiralty-Office, July 10. 1739.

IT is the Directions of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, That all such Men who have voluntarily enter'd themselves in or about the City of London, or that shall hereafter so enter, do forthwith repair on board the respective Ships they enter to serve in, excepting the Press-Gangs, who may be employ'd with the Lieutenants, in raising Men for the Fleet, otherwise they will forfeit the Benefit promised them by his Majesty's late Royal Proclamation; and Notice is hereby given, That they must apply to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy for Conduct-Money, if the Ships they have entered to serve in be at Chatham, at the Buoy of the Nore, or in the Downs, or if at Portsmouth, or Spithead, for Conduct-Money, and Carriage for their Chests and Bedding, not exceeding One hundred Weight. And if there are any Men in or about the Town, who have entered for the Ships at Plymouth, they are also to apply to the Navy Board for Conduct-Money, and Carriage for their Chests and Bedding to Portsmouth, from whence they will be put on board their proper Ships, if come to Spithead, or be sent to Plymouth by the first Opportunity; in order whereunto they must apply themselves to Philip Cavendish, Esq; Admiral of the Blue Squadron of his Majesty's Fleet.

By Command of their Lordships,
J. BURCHETT.

This Day is Publish'd,

THE ODES, EPODES, and CAR-MEN SECULARE of HORACE, Translated into English Prose; with Critical, Historical, and Classical Notes, and a Preface to each Ode, illustrating its Design.

BOOK I.

Printed for Joseph Davidson, at the Angel in the Poultry. Price One Shilling.
N.B. The Second Book is in the Press, and will speedily be publish'd, then the Third, &c. till the Whole is finish'd.

This Day is published,

A New and Correct Map of the World.

Wherein, besides what is to be met with in common Maps, such as the three Systems of the World, the Magnetical Variations, Trade-Winds, &c. are inserted an Abstract of the first Principles of Geography, with Historical and Astronomical Remarks, shewing the Causes of Summer and Winter, of Twilight, and of the Increase and Decrease of Day and Night: The Magnitudes, Periods, and Densities of the Planets, their Distances from the Sun, and the Quantity of Light and Heat they derive from him, &c. The whole laid down in an easy and familiar Manner, being design'd for the Amusement and Profit of Youth and others that are unacquainted with the Sciences of Geography and Astronomy. Price One Shilling and Sixpence.

Printed for John Bowles at the Black Horse in Cornhill, and Sold by most of the eminent Booksellers in England.

Where may be had, for the Use of Schools,
The Geography of the Ancients, as contain'd in the Greek and Latin Classics, in thirty-two Maps By H. Moll, Geographer.

Atlas Minor, or a New and Curious Set of Sixty-two Maps, in which are shewn all the Empires, Kingdoms, Countries, States, in all the known Parts of the Earth, with their Bounds, Divisions, chief Cities and Towns. The whole composed and laid down by Herman Moll, Geographer. Price bound in Calf Leather Fourteen Shillings.

N.B. The Country Booksellers may be supplied by the said John Bowles with the greatest and best Variety of Maps and Prints on the easiest Terms.

TO LADIES and GENTLEMEN Who RIDE on HORSEBACK,

CHAFING or Soreness in Riding on a Horseback so constantly attends those whose Skin is of a fine Texture, as much to abate the Pleasure of that noble and beneficial Exercise, and even to render it to many Persons very disagreeable and irksome; it may be necessary therefore to offer to the Publick a neat and no way unpleasant Remedy to prevent that Inconvenience, which it effectually does in a manner almost incredible to those who have not try'd it; for it is so very efficacious, that many who without it could not ride four or five Miles free from chafing or becoming sore, have by its Use been able to ride long Journeys without the least Uneasiness or Complaint of that Kind.

And when any such fretting or Soreness of the Skin has already happened, either by riding, walking, or otherwise, it presently heals, and at once using perfectly cures it. It is a Chymical Composition or Powder, of a pleasant Scent, neither troublesome, or in any Respect disagreeable to use, and is far from being daubing, that it will not soil the finest Linnen, but is so absolutely effectual in preventing and curing all Manner of Chafing and Soreness, and so vastly exceeds all other Things for that Purpose, that those who once use it, will never be without it.

It is to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop at the Red and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 6 d. a Box, (containing enough to last a long while) with printed Directions.

For the immediate Cure of BARRENNESS in WOMEN, tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from what Cause soever,

And also of

IMPOTENCY in MEN, however occasion'd, or of so long Standing,

The Famous and Inestimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The highest, richest and most powerful Cordial in Nature, is recommended,

BEING the only true and infallible Cure

for BARRENNESS in Women and IMPOTENCY in Men in the Universe, and which it at once accomplishes without the least Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thousands have experienced, and that by promoting the plentiful Curricule of the Blood and Juices, raising all the Fluids from their languid, depressed State, to one more brisk and sparkling, opening all Obstructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreasing the Animal Spirits, restoring a Juvenile Mien, and evidently replenishing the crispy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moisture, and thereby invigorating it to such a Degree as not to be impaired, but by those who have experienced how exceedingly and sensibly it renovates, recruits, and powerfully strengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It enforces a bright, lively Disposition, banishes Melancholy, and inspires Mirth and Gladness of Heart beyond Expression. The abundance of Ladies, who for several Years were deemed irreparably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and become Fruitful; and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by fast living, or otherwise, had render'd themselves incapable of Procreation, have soon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inasmuch, that very many illustrious Families, who for want of Children, were almost inconsolable, are now blest with happy Issue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs. It rectifies all Disorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digestion, and in all Weakness of Body, or Decay of Constitution of any Kind, is a most infallible Restorative, and even keeps back the Effects of Old Age itself. It is to be taken both in Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleasant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Two Blue Posts in Haydon-Yard in the Minories, at 5s. a Bottle, with Directions.

These are to Certify whom it may concern,

THAT the Two Medicines for eternal Use, which have been sold with so much Success for the Good of Mankind above Thirty Years last past, are the Cure of

All Sorts of RUPTURES, BURSTEN, or BROKEN BELLIES.

are removed from the Minories: where they have been sold for the Author, so long, and are now sold only at Mr. Sandwell's Toyshop, the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry, at 5s. the Parcel, with printed Directions given with them.

These two Remedies need no other Recommendation than themselves will manifest in two or three Days using, having by their admirable and even astonishing Success, gained the Reputation they so justly deserve, both in City and Country, after wearing Trusses for many Years to no Purpose.

For by the Blessing of God, they make a perfect Cure, either on Old or Young, in a very little Time, and for a small Charge, without any Pain to, or Confinement of the Patient; one Parcel is generally sufficient for a complete Cure, especially on a young Person.

Many Hundreds of all Ages and Sexes have been cured by them, which occasioned this Publication, for the Good of the Publick, that all such unhappy People may be delivered from the Charge and Slavery of always wearing Trusses.

The World might have had many Certificates of Cures of Persons of all Ages, from Children of a few Months old, to grown Persons of 60 Years or upwards; but that People are naturally averse to let it be known, that they ever had such an Infirmary: Yet Mr. Sandwell can satisfy any Inquirer of the Validity of what is here said, tho' he has not had such large Knowledge, by reason of the short Time he has sold 'em, as they from whom the Medicines are now, in good Reasons, removed.

No Letters received except Post paid.